

Unit 2—Selections

1. Selection tools are: _____
2. On the color picker box, the top color box is the _____ and the bottom is the _____ color; to reset to the defaults (black foreground and white background) press ____ or click the miniature version located right above it. To switch colors (swap foreground for background) click the ____ button nearby.
3. To deselect, press _____ + _____
4. When a selection is active, it has “ _____ ” around it.
5. When making a marquee selection, hold _____ and it will draw the shape starting from the _____.
6. If you hold shift while making a marquee selection, it will create a _____.
7. To duplicate something in a selection, press _____ while you drag it.
8. To copy something in a selection to its own layer, press _____ + ____.
9. You can set a _____ for a selection (_____ you make it!) and it will give it a fuzzy edge. An image with a fuzzy edge is referred to as having a _____ effect.
10. After making a selection, before deleting, masking or moving anything, you should always do this (on the Options bar): _____
11. Pressing Refine Edge when a selection is active allows you to: _____

 (CS5 also has decontaminate edge) When using Refine Edge, start all sliders on _____.
12. To flip flop a selection and select the opposite to delete or move, you need to _____ the selection. You can do this under Select> _____ or press Control+ _____ + _____
13. To switch to the Move tool quickly, just press _____.
14. On the Move tool options, you can check _____ to put handles around the contents of a layer automatically.
15. Transform handles can be activated by pressing _____ + _____.
16. In the middle of a transformation, there is a dot called a _____, which indicates the rotation axis.
17. To accept a transformation, you can either:
 _____ or _____ or _____
18. To change the type of transformation, just _____ the selection.
19. To make a selection a mirror image of itself, you need to _____ using Transform.
20. If your computer won't let you do certain things (like switch layers, etc.) look for:
 _____ or press _____ to deselect
21. Scale, rotate, skew, perspective and distort are examples of _____.
22. This selection tool is ideal for solid background selection: _____

23. When using the _____ tool, you can adjust the tolerance to identify how “picky” it will be when selecting. A higher number means it is less picky and a low number means it is super picky.
24. When using selection tools, it’s a really good idea to _____ closely.
25. You can brush over a selection using the _____ tool to add areas into a selection until you get everything you want.
26. To change the quick selection brush size, use the options bar or press ____ to decrease brush size and ____ to increase the size.
27. Holding Shift when selecting with the wand or other selection tools will _____ what you click next to the selection; holding _____ will _____ from the selection. You can also use the buttons on the Options bar.
28. Hold _____ while resizing a selection to maintain proportions; you don’t want to _____ or _____ your selections and end up with Oompa Loompas!
29. After making a selection, you can fill it using _____ > _____ or by pressing Shift + _____ to bring up the dialog box quickly. Pressing just _____ will fill it with the current background color.
30. After making a selection, you can add a border (called a _____) around it by pressing Edit> _____.
31. Press _____ + click on the layer thumbnail preview to select (put the marching ants) around the item on the layer.
32. The _____ lasso is a “click, let go, and drag” lasso that tries to predict where the borders of a selection should be.
33. To back up if one of your lasso points lands in the wrong spot, just press _____ and pull the mouse back and then continue the process.
34. The _____ lasso is like a dot-to-dot lasso; click to create points and Photoshop draws lines between them to create your selection.
35. _____ to end a lasso selection if you cannot find your exact starting point.
36. The regular lasso allows you to make a selection _____.
37. You can magically copy/paste a selected item by switching to the Move tool and holding _____ while dragging. If not a layered item, it does not put each duplicate on a new _____.
38. To move an item that is on the layer of another item, you must _____ it first.
39. You can move a selection using your mouse or _____.
40. To use the alignment or distribute buttons on the Options bar for the Move tool, you must first select all layers that are involved by _____ + clicking each layer.